

CoMSES Digest: Spring 2022

Volume 10, No. 1 December 16, 2021 - March 15, 2022



CoMSES Net is Hiring!

Join CoMSES Net and help us build software tools that support open, transparent, reusable, and interoperable scientific computation in the study of complex social and natural systems. We have

an opening for a junior front-end software engineer; this entry-level position will help the successful candidate grow in their ability to build functional, intuitive user interfaces and data visualizations as well as robust and scalable backend web services. As part of the ASU College of Global Futures, our mission is to improve the ways we understand and collectively navigate our increasingly complex world.

For more information, and to apply, please visit the full job announcement here.

CoMSES Net International Modeling School 2022 *Marco Janssen, Director for the Center for Behavior, Institutions and the Environment, Arizona State University*

CoMSES Net hosted its sixth International Winter School on Agent Based Modeling of Social Ecological Systems on January 18-28, 2022. The Winter School was held entirely online which allows broad international participation although with sometimes challenging time zones. 25 graduate students, postdocs, and faculty joined the Winter School and worked closely with our tireless mentors on projects related to urban vulnerability, hurricane evacuations, and agricultural systems. Before the live events, students did an online program to learn best practices on model sharing and documentation and learned the basics of Github. During the 2 week program, there were short live lectures on social and ecological sciences, follow-up hands-on training on Github, and model analysis. The second week focused on applied projects to apply lessons learned, including the collaborative model development using Github. Participants also provided brief presentations about their own research. Participants presented their group projects on the last day of the school and all made substantive contributions to their projects despite the challenges of distributed and often-times asynchronous collaboration.

Thanks to all of our participants and mentors for their patience and perseverance during this online format.

Join an Open Modeling Foundation Working Group Michael Barton, Executive Director of the Open Modeling Foundation

The Executive Committee of the OMF asks that you proactively encourage the members of the organization you represent to participate in the Open Modeling Foundation by joining a Working Group. Much of the most significant activity of the Open Modeling Foundation will take place within our Working Groups for Standards, Certification, Education and Outreach, and Cyberinfrastructure.

The OMF Working Groups are open to all individuals involved in modeling science as developers, users, or other stakeholders and do not have to belong to an OMF member organization. If you know of any individuals or groups outside your organization who might be interested in participating in the OMF, please pass this information along to them too.

Information on the working groups can be found here: https://openmodelingfoundation.github.io/governance/working-groups/

Along with these working groups, the OMF also has an Early Career Scholars Group that gives individuals at this stage of their career a voice in the OMF and provides opportunities for peer support and networking. Please encourage any graduate students and other early career scholars to join this group.

More information about the Early Career Scholars group can be found here: https://openmodelingfoundation.github.io/governance/charter/#affiliated-early-career-scholars

To join a Working Group or the Early Career Scholars group, please send the following information in an email to **support@openmodelingfoundation.org**:

- Your Name
- Email Address
- Professional Organization (Employer for non-students or academic institution for students)
- Sector: Education, Private, Public, Other (please specify), Prefer not to say
- Name of Working Group you wish to join
- If you are interested in joining the Early Career Scholars, please indicate whether you are a student

Model Reproduction and Systematic Comparison Bruce Edmonds, Centre for Policy Modelling, Manchester Metropolitan University Business School

The difficulty and importance of simulation model reproduction has been long known (e.g. Axtel et al. 1996, Edmonds and Hales 2003). CoMSeS facilitates this by providing an archive of simulations and encouraging good documentation practice. However, reproducing a model takes a lot of effort and so is not often done (the NetLogo model library being a shining exception). This is especially important when models have a policy impact (Chattoe et al. 2021).

But reproduction is only a basic scientific check on models, to completely understand a model one needs to systematically compare to standardised sets of data and thus to how alternative models do on the same task. Systematic model inter-comparison projects have helped make climate modelling to be more rigourous and thus underpinned the IPCC's conclusions, but this is not standard practice in other areas of simulation modelling (Bithell et al. 2021).

We are considering starting network projects that would facilitate, encourage both reproduction and systematic model inter-comparison. If you are a reasonably experienced simulation modeller and this is something you would want to be involved with, contact Bruce Edmonds

spruce@edmonds.name>.

Axtell, R., Axelrod, R., Epstein, J. M., & Cohen, M. D. (1996). Aligning simulation models: A case study and results. Computational & mathematical organization theory, 1(2), 123-141.

Bithell, M., Chattoe-Brown, E. and Edmonds, B. (2021) The Systematic Comparison of Agent-

Based Policy Models - It's time we got our act together!. Social Simulation Conference, Warsaw, 2021. http://cfpm.org/model-comparison/

Chattoe-Brown, E., Gilbert, N., Robertson, D. A., & Watts, C. J. (2021). Reproduction as a Means of Evaluating Policy Models: A Case Study of a COVID-19 Simulation. medRxiv. https://doi.org/10.1101/2021.01.29.21250743

Edmonds, B. and Hales, D. (2003) Replication, Replication and Replication - Some Hard Lessons from Model Alignment. Journal of Artificial Societies and Social Simulation 6(4) (http://jasss.soc.surrey.ac.uk/6/4/11.html).

Update your CoMSES Net Profile!

Please consider keeping the CoMSES community informed by updating your user account on CoMSES Net! Let fellow researchers and modelers get to know you by including a biography, research interests, and/or institutional affiliation. You can navigate to your account in the upper right corner of the **website** to edit your profile and link your account to GitHub and ORCID. As always, feel free to join the conversation by visiting the Forums tab or by starting a discussion on a specific model, event, or job posting.

Calendar of Events

Please follow the links to the local event organizers for the latest information or go to https://comses.net/events/ for a listing of all recent events. You can also subscribe to new events by following us on Twitter or subscribing to our RSS Events feed.

Upcoming Deadlines

BIGSSS Computational Social Science Summer School on Data-driven Modeling of Social Cohesion

Dates: July 4-15, 2022 Submission Deadline: March 27, 2022

The BIGSSS-CSS Summer School on social cohesion takes place on July 4 – 15, 2022 at the Department of Sociology of the University of Groningen (Netherlands). The summer school will serve as a research incubator aimed at fostering the use of computational methods in the social sciences and developing a topical contribution to research about social cohesion. https://www.comses.net/events/623/

CSDMS 2022: Environmental Extremes and Earthscape Evolution (E4)

Dates: May 17 - 19, 2022 Registration Deadline: April 15, 2022

This year's CSDMS annual meeting will be broad in scope, showcasing modeling-oriented projects that range from fundamental research in evolution of the landscape and seascape to more specific experimental or applied work involving the impact of environmental extremes on the Earthscape. Where environmental extremes are widely defined to capture the morphodynamic impact of for example wildfires, hydrologic extremes, tsunamis, storm surges, or hurricanes, on the Earthscape. After careful consideration, CSDMS has decided to hold this year's annual meeting onsite at the University of Colorado, Boulder.

11th International Congress on Environmental Modelling & Software (iEMSs 2022)

Dates: July 4 - 8, 2022 Registration Deadline: May 15, 2022

iEMSs 2022 is the official biennial conference of the International Environmental Modelling & Software Society, sponsors of the high impact journal, Environmental Modelling & Software, and the open access, community-driven journal, Socio-Environmental Systems Modelling. The theme for the conference is "Environmental Modelling and Software for science based decision making." This year's conference will take place in Brussels, Belgium. https://www.comses.net/events/620/

Model Library

Newly Reviewed

Five models passed CoMSES's peer review process this quarter. Three are still unpublished while their companion publications undergo journal peer review; others are currently under review by CoMSES. Published models include the following:

- The Communicating Hazard Information in the Modern Environment (CHIME) ABM of Hurricane Evacuation facilitates the analysis of information flow and protective decisions across space and time during hazardous weather events. CHIME ABM provides a platform for testing hypotheses about collective human responses to weather forecasts and information flow, using empirical data from historical hurricanes. The model uses real world geographical and hurricane data to set the boundaries of the simulation, and it uses historical hurricane forecast information from the National Hurricane Center to initiate forecast information flow to citizen agents in the model. (Sean Bergin)
- Infectious diseases model for mixed-methods research chapter is a curricular model to teach students the basics of modeling complex systems using agent-based modeling. It is a simple SIR model that simulates how a disease spreads through a population as its members change from susceptible to infected to recovered and then back to susceptible. The dynamics of the model are such that there are multiple emergent outcomes depending on the parameter settings, initial conditions, and chance. The curricular model can be used with the chapter Agent-Based Modeling in Mixed Methods Research (Moritz et al. 2014).

